

四级全真预测（第二套）答案解析

Part I Writing

【参考范文】

Do as the Romans do

Nowadays there are an increasing number of travelers who travel abroad, especially during holidays. The answer to whether travelers should follow the local customs or their own habits varies. As far as I am concerned, "When in Rome, do as the Romans do" is the advice for any tourist traveling around the world.

First of all, it is fun for all travelers to imitate the local behaviors of the natives, such as joining in a march or tasting some fantastic foods with the traditional local clothes on. In other words, it is a good approach to feel and understand the local culture. Second, it is a good way to avoid the offensiveness in strange places, such as no touch of someone's head in some Western countries and never carrying eggs in one's pocket when traveling in Turkey. All advice is for nothing but one's pleasant trip and impressive experiences.

My conclusion is that tourists should do what the natives do, because it is the way to experience the local customs, feel the cultural diversity and enjoy their trips.

Part II Listening Comprehension

Section A


News Item 1

整体预测


根据选项中的 kidnapping, they, arrested, sentenced 和 criminal case 推测, 新闻可能与某些人的违法行为有关, 涉及他们所面临的惩罚。

Ten Americans have been charged with kidnapping in Haiti after they tried to take a group of Haitian children out of the country. They were arrested last week at the border with the Dominican Republic. Nick Davis reports from Port-au-Prince. The five men and five women have been arrested since Friday, when they were stopped at the border with the neighbouring Dominican Republic. Today a judge decided there was enough evidence for a criminal case against them. They've each been charged with child kidnapping and criminal association. The maximum sentence could be nine years in jail. One of them, Laura Silsby, spoke to the BBC as she was about to be driven away from the court and said "I feel good. I'm trusting God". Under Haitian law, the case will be decided in closed court, and the decision could take up to three months.

1. What do we learn about the ten Americans?

 **解析 D**。根据选项特征推测, 本题可能考查某人犯了什么罪。新闻中提到, 他们都被指控绑架儿童及组织犯罪。由此可知, 答案为 D)。kidnapping 是对新闻信息的复现。

2. What is the crime that the ten Americans are charged with?

 **解析 B**。选项中的 they, arrested, sentenced, believe in God 和 evidence 表明, 本题可能考查有犯罪经历的一些人的相关信息。新闻中提到, 他们所面临的最高刑罚可能是九年监禁, 故答案为 B)。其他三项都是根据新闻中的信息设置的错误干扰。


News Item 2

整体预测


根据两道题选项中的 U.S. security, explosion in the airport, Netherland's security, examine passengers, flights 和 national security 推测, 新闻可能与美国或荷兰的机场安保措施有关, 涉及机场爆炸事件。

The Interior Minister of the Netherlands says Dutch officials will begin using security devices at airports to examine bodies of passengers flying to the United States. The Minister made the announcement Wednesday in reaction to the failed bombing of an airplane last week. The plane was traveling from Amsterdam to the United States. On Tuesday, President Obama said a failure in communication between American security agencies made the bombing attempt possible. He said the agencies did not share information after receiving warnings from the suspect's father. President Obama said the United States must quickly fix its problems with homeland security. He has ordered investigations into the government's way of gathering intelligence and its efforts to use it at airports.

3. What is the news report mainly about?

 **解析(D)**。选项均为名词性短语且概括性较强，故推测本题可能考查新闻的话题。一般新闻的导语就概括了该新闻的主旨，而后面的细节只是对主旨的补充说明。新闻开头提到，荷兰官员宣布对该国前往美国的游客进行安检，而后面的细节提到之所以会有这样的规定是因为上周三在一架从阿姆斯特丹飞往美国的航班上发生了一起爆炸未遂事件。新闻的后半部分解释了美国总统对于这起事件的回应。综合可知，答案是 D)。

4. What action will the U.S. take?

 **解析(C)**。选项均为以动词原形开头的短语，故推测本题可能考查行为或措施。新闻后半部分提到美国对此事件的回应，奥巴马总统说：“美国必须尽快与国家安全部门解决此问题。”由此可知，答案为 C)，其中 national security 对应新闻中的 homeland security。


News Item 3

整体预测


根据选项中的 breakfast, good health, dieting 和 vitamin deficiency 推测，新闻可能与饮食健康有关，涉及早餐与身体健康的关系。

In addition to exercising regularly, eating a good breakfast is considered by many health experts to be a significant part of a successful way of reduction plan. After a night of fasting, the body needs to be supplemented with nutrient in order to maintain a high level of energy throughout the day. Several nutritionists suggest that dieters should eat up to one-third of their daily calories at breakfast time. These calories should be in the form of balanced meal of nutritious food. A balanced meal consists of five key elements: proteins, carbohydrates, fats, vitamins and minerals. People who're dieting need a variety of foods to assure a constant supply of nutrients their bodies need. If a well-balanced diet is not followed, the dieter may become sleepy, nervous, or feel out of sorts. If a poor diet is maintained for a long period of time, the dieter may suffer from vitamin deficiency. Vitamin deficiency can cause serious health problems. For these reasons, many doctors recommend that everyone, especially those on diet, starts the day with up to one-third of the daily requirement of nutrients in the form of a well-balanced breakfast.


5. What is the focus of the news?

 **解析(A)**。选项均为概括性较强的名词或短语，故推测本题可能考查新闻的话题。新闻开头提到，许多营养专家认为，除了经常锻炼，吃一顿好的早餐也是成功减肥的一个重要部分。后面的细节围绕这一观点阐述，说明了保持营养均衡的早餐对于节食者很重要。由此可知，答案为 A)。

6. What will happen if the dieters keep a poor diet for a long time?

 **解析(D)**。选项均以 they will 开头，结合 short of sleep, out of their mind 和 vitamin deficiency 等词推测，本题可能考查某种情况下一些人将面临的结果。新闻中提到，如果长时间进行营养不良的饮食，节食者将会缺乏维生素，故答案为 D)，其中 suffer from vitamin deficiency 是新闻中的信息的复现。

7. How much of a day's total calories should be consumed at a breakfast?

 **解析(C)**。根据选项特征推测，本题可能考查某物所占的比例。新闻中提到，一些营养学家建议节食者在早餐时摄入每日所需能量的三分之一。结尾部分总结提到，许多医生建议每个人在一天开始之际吃一顿营养均衡的早餐，来保证每日所需的营养的三分之一。三分之一约等于 33%，故答案为 C)。

Section B

Conversation One

整体预测

选项中的 She will do the teaching job, They can not pass the examination, more time to the tutoring, encouraging achievements 等表明，对话可能与 She 教书有关，涉及教书原因、时间、效果等。

M: Amy, are you interested in joining us for the party this weekend?

W: I'd love to. But I have tutoring then.

M: Tutoring? I can hardly imagine that you need a help with a class.

W: I mean I'm tutoring someone else. I go downtown to tutor a few students at the high school.

M: I find that hard to believe. And what subject do you tutor, math or something else?

W: Right. You see, the city is trying to raise the standards for its math classes. The problem is, a lot of the kids are far behind when they get to junior high school.

M: Yeah, I have read such report in the newspaper. But does the time schedule conflict with your own classes?

W: I only have three students for forty minutes each weekend. Most of the tutors there are students at the university, so our classes aren't over there. And we are volunteers, so the program doesn't cost a lot and the city education

department likes us.


M: Can you afford to take that much time away from your own studying?

W: Some weeks are kind of hard especially when the examination is approaching. But anyway I may as well get used to teaching easy materials to the students, so as to get the practical experience.


M: And it must be nice to help people.

W: Definitely. Forty minutes a week isn't much time, but all the three of my students have improved in the months we've worked together. It's really inspiring.


8. What will the woman do on the weekend?

 **解析 D**。选项均以 “She will + 原形动词” 开头表明，本题考查女士将来的行为动作。根据女士提到的 I go downtown to tutor a few students at the high school 可知，女士将要去教书，故答案为 D)。D) 项中的 do the teaching job 是对 tutor a few students 的同义转述。


9. What is the problem with the kids in junior high school?

 **解析 C**。选项中的 They can not pass the examination/meet the requirements 等表明，本题可能与 They 遇到的问题有关。由女士提到的 The problem is...kids are far behind when they get to junior high school 可知，孩子跟不上课，故答案为 C)。C) 项中的 can not catch up with 与 far behind 对应。

10. How does the woman cope with the tutoring and her own studying?

 **解析 C**。选项中的 finishes her examinations first, only gives the lessons on weekend 等表明，本题可能考查女士如何安排自己的学习和教书。由女士提到的 I only have three students...each weekend 可知，女士只在周末教书，故答案为 C)。

11. What does the woman think of her teaching?

 **解析 B**。选项中的 She, needs more efforts, has made...achievements, can do nothing 等表明，本题可能考查女士对自己教书工作的看法。由女士提到的 but...my students have improved...可知，女士觉得自己的教书工作取得了成效，故答案为 B)。but 后面的内容为常考点，是听音重点。

Conversation Two

整体预测

选项中的 classroom, Self-Access Centre, University library, class activities 和 reading resource 表明，对话可能涉及与学生学习相关的设施或资料等内容。

M: Hi June. I've asked you here today to discuss the future of our Self-Access Centre. Can you tell me what the students think about this?

W: Well, we would like to keep it. It provides a variation on the classroom routine. And it is a pretty major component of our course, but we would like to see some improvements to the computers.

M: Well, yes, the teachers agree that it is a valuable resource. Some of us also think that we could benefit a lot more by relocating the Self-Access Centre to the main University library building.

W: Well, the library is big enough to incorporate the Self-Access Centre, but it wouldn't be like a class activity anymore. Our main worry would be not being able to go to a teacher for advice.

M: Well, there would still be a teacher present to guide the activities. Now, what about other things that the students would like to see improved?

W: Well, some find it difficult to find materials that are appropriate for their level, especially reading resources; we need to label them more clearly.

M: Well, that's easy.

W: And the CD section needs to be more current. I think we should get some of the ones that go with our latest course books.

M: Good, I was also thinking about some different materials that we haven't got in there at all. What do you think of the idea of introducing some workbooks?


W: That sounds good.

M: Okay, now finally we need to think about security, especially if we're going to invest in some new equipment.


W: What about putting in an alarm?

M: Good idea.


12. Why do the students want to keep the Self-Access Centre?

 **解析 B**。选项中的 near to their classroom, important part of their studies 和 variety of equipment 表明，本题可能考查某项与学生学习有关的设施。对话中女士提到的 it is a pretty major component of our course...为答案出处，it 指代的就是 the Self-Access Centre。B) 中的 an important part of their studies 是对 a pretty major component of our course 的同义表达，故答案为 B)。


13. What would some teachers prefer to do?

 **解析** C)。四个选项都以动词原形开头表明，本题可能涉及某人的建议或打算。对话中男士提到的... the teachers agree that...Some of us also think that we could benefit a lot more by relocating the Self-Access Centre to the main University library building.为答案出处，relocating 相当于 move，故答案为 C)。

14. What is the students' main concern about using the library?

 **解析** C)。选项中的 the cost of, the difficulty 及 the lack of 表明，本题可能考查做某事存在的困难或对某事的忧虑。对话中女士提到 Our main worry would be not being able to go to a teacher for advice，由此可知，学生们担心不能获得老师的帮助，故答案为 C)。

15. Which material should be updated?

 **解析** B)。选项中涉及不同的学习资料表明，本题可能考查某一具体学习资料的特征或用途。对话中女士提到的 the CD section needs to be more current 和 we should get some of the ones that go with our latest course books 表明，CD 需要更新，故答案为 B)。

Section C

Passage One

整体预测


选项中的 burning more calories, closely related with health 和 harmless to health 等表明，短文可能与健康有关，涉及影响健康的因素等。

The type of lifestyle we lead also impacts enormously on our health. Getting enough sleep is vital and getting too little can result in becoming stressed, easily annoyed and can even speed up the aging process. What is “enough” varies from person to person; however, somewhere between 6 and 8 hours per night is a standard. More recent studies suggest that appropriate quantities of sleep can also help us burn calories and maintain a healthy weight.


Being happy during our waking hours is also important. Laughter is the body's natural way of reducing stress and it also improves the movement of blood around the body. Research conducted in the Netherlands indicates that there are close links between having a positive attitude and health. According to the study, optimists are 55% less likely to die of one of the most significant killer diseases of our time, such as heart disease, than someone with a negative attitude. In order to maintain happiness, it is also important to be able to leave work in the workplace. Employment-related stress is on the increase and is not only harmful to health, but can also have a knock-on effect on our personal relationships, which can lead to a circling situation of unhappiness and high anxiety levels.

Human beings are naturally social animals and having someone close to share our lives with also contributes to good health. Researchers suggest that being married increases a person's life expectancy; however, getting divorced can have the opposite effect, almost certainly due to the high levels of stress that are normally involved in the ending of a relationship.


16. What would happen as a result of getting too little sleep?

 **解析** C)。选项中的 burning more calories, maintaining the weight 和 becoming annoyed 表明，本题考查身体或心情的变化。短文开头提到，我们的生活方式也会极大地影响我们的健康。充足的睡眠很重要，睡眠过少会导致紧张、易烦躁，甚至加速老化过程 (getting too little can result in becoming stressed, easily annoyed and can even speed up the aging process)，故答案为 C)。因果处为常考点，听音时应注意。


17. What does the research done in the Netherlands suggest?

 **解析** B)。选项中的 crying... reducing stress, positive attitude... related with health, pessimism... improve 和 harmful to health 表明，本题可能考查影响身体健康的一些因素。短文中提到，荷兰进行的研究显示，拥有积极的态度同健康紧密相关 (there are close links between having a positive attitude and health)，故答案为 B)。研究结果为常考点，是听音重点。

18. What can we do to maintain happiness?

 **解析** A)。选项均以动词原形开头表明，本题考查某种行为动作。短文中提到，为了保持幸福感，将工作留在工作场所 (leave work in the workplace) 同样很重要，故答案为 A)。

19. What's the impact of divorce?

 **解析** B)。选项中的 women, suffer more, the divorced 和 children many display problem behaviour 表明，本题可能考查离婚对家庭成员的影响。短文中提到，研究显示，结婚增加人的平均寿命；但离婚却有相反的影响 (getting divorced can have the opposite effect)，由此推断，离婚会缩短人的平均寿命，故答案为 B)。however 转折处为常考点，听音时应注意。

选项中的 volcanoes/volcanic activity, outbursts 及重复出现的 ash, steam 和 earthquake 表明, 短文可能与火山有关, 涉及火山爆发以及地震的情况。


Mount St. Helens is in the Cascade Range, a chain of volcanoes running from southern Canada to northern California. Most of the peaks are temporarily inactive — what I mean is, they're sleeping now, but are potentially active. Mount St. Helens has a long history of volcanic activity, so the outbursts of 1980 weren't a surprise.

The outburst cycle had sort of a harmless beginning. In March of 1980, earthquake researchers picked up signs of earthquake activity below the mountain. And during the next week, the earthquakes increased rapidly, causing several snowslides. These shakes and quakes were signs that large amounts of molten rock were moving deep within the mountain. Then, suddenly one day there was a loud boom, a small volcanic vent opened on the summit. St. Helens was waking up.


The vibrations and shakes continued. All during April, there were occasional outbursts of steam and ash. This attracted tourists to come and watch the show. It also attracted earthquake researchers, and — of course — the news media.

By early May, the north side of the mountain had swelled out into a huge and growing projection. The steam and ash outbursts became even more frequent. Scientists could see that the top of the volcano was sort of coming apart. Then there were a few days of quiet, but it didn't last long. It was the quiet before the storm.


20. Why was it not a surprise that Mount St. Helens burst out in 1980?

 **解析** C)。选项中的 one of the chains of volcanoes 和 volcanic activity 提示, it 可能指某座火山。短文中提到, 圣海伦斯火山的活动历史悠久 (Mount St. Helens has a long history of volcanic activity), 因此, 它在 1980 年的爆发并不让人感到意外, 故答案为 C)。因果关系为常考点, 听音时应注意。

21. What do we learn about the Mount St. Helens' outburst cycle?

 **解析** A)。选项中的 it started harmlessly, pour out much ash and steam 和 earthquake 表明, it 极可能指某座火山的爆发, 本题可能考查爆发的情况。短文提到, 在某种程度上, 火山爆发周期在开始时没有什么危害 (The outburst cycle had sort of a harmless beginning.)。此处指的是圣海伦斯火山的爆发, 故答案为 A)。

22. What is the result of Mount St. Helens' outbursts?

 **解析** D)。选项中的 ash 以及重复出现的 steam 和 earthquakes 表明, 本题可能考查火山爆发伴随的现象。短文中提到, 1980 年 3 月, 地震研究人员发现了山下地震活动 (earthquake activity below the mountain) 的迹象。到第二周, 地震 (次数) 迅速增加 (the earthquakes increased rapidly), 造成了几场雪崩 (causing several snowslides), 故答案为 D)。时间处为常考点, 是听音重点。

Passage Three

整体预测

选项中的 efficiency, wind, turbines, wind turbines 和 flow 表明, 短文可能与风力发电机有关。


Modern wind turbines usually operate in groups or so-called “wind farms”, some of them with more than 100 turbines. But the air flow they create decreases their overall efficiency. Scientists at Vanderbilt University are trying to solve this problem.

Wind energy is cheap and sustainable, and the number of installed wind turbines is rising everywhere in the world. According to the U.S. Department of Energy, wind turbines now supply nearly 5 percent of electrical power in the United States. The average efficiency of wind turbines is about 50 percent. But because of the onflow they create, their interactions with each other in a wind farm tends to lower that number.

Observing what they call the “conversation” of three turbines placed in a wind tunnel, scientists at Vanderbilt University in Nashville, Tennessee, are trying to find a way to reduce the negative effects of the wake flow. Engineering professor Doug Adams, the team leader, says the turbine blades are fitted with sensors.


Adams says the sensors feed data to computers. The benefit comes not only in increased output but also in the reduction of wear on the turbine's mechanical parts. Savings of only 2 to 3 cents per kilowatt hour, he says, could mean a lot for turbine operators. Adams says mutually-adjustable turbines could lead to wind farms producing more energy with smaller numbers of units, while reduction of fatigue may lengthen their usefulness by as much as 10 years.

23. What problem are scientists at Vanderbilt University trying to solve?


 **解析** C)。选项均以 “how+动词不定式” 开头以及其中的 wind, turbines 和 wind turbines 表明, 本题可能考查与风力发电机相关的问题。短文中提到, 但是风力发电机引起的空气湍流会降低整体效率。范德比尔特大学的科学家们正试图解决这个问题。接着下文进一步强调, 田纳西州纳什维尔市范德比尔特大学的

科学家们正试图找到一种方法以减少湍流造成的负面影响 (to reduce the negative effects of the wake flow), 故答案为 C)。

24. What do we learn about wind energy?

 **解析 B)**。选项均以 it is 开头表明, 本题可能考查 it 的特点, 听音时注意留意 it 指代的是什么。短文中提到, 风能既廉价又是可持续的 (cheap and sustainable), 故答案为 B)。

25. What is the benefit of sensors?

 **解析 D)**。选项中的 producing more energy, increasing output 和 reducing wear 表明, 本题可能考查某种事物的优点。短文中提到, 亚当斯表示, 传感器向计算机传输数据。接着对传感器的好处进行了描述: 好处不仅在于增加产量, 而且能够减少风力发电机机械部件的磨损, 故答案为 D)。

Part III Reading Comprehension

Section A

26. **A)**。空前的 noticeable 提示, 本空应填名词。文中说 a less noticeable 26, too, 空格后的 too 说明, 此处仍然在讲述 going abroad 的一个好处, 转折词 but 是为了强调这种好处是鲜有人知道的。备选的名词中只有 **A)** benefit (利益, 好处) 符合文意, 为答案。
27. **E)**。空前的 the 及空后的 benefits 提示, 本空应填形容词。上文提到, some scientists say it can also make you more creative, 再根据下文提到的欧内斯特·海明威和马克·吐温的例子可知, 本空是对上文中科学家提到的不为人知的好处 (旅行使人更具有创造性) 的复现, 故从备选的形容词中选定 **E)** creative (创造性的)。
28. **J)**。空前的 drew 及空后的 for 提示, 本空应填名词。空格后的 work 在这里的意思为“著作”, 根据常识, 此处是指海明威的著作就是从异国旅行中汲取“灵感”的, 备选的名词中只有 **J)** inspiration (灵感; 鼓舞) 符合上下文语义, 故为答案。
29. **L)**。空前的 to 及空后的 narrow-mindedness 提示, 本空应填名词。空格前的 fatal 意为“致命的; 毁灭性的”, 空格后的 narrow-mindedness 意为“目光短浅”, 空格前后的词均为贬义词, 符合条件的只有 **L)** prejudice (偏见)。
30. **O)**。分析句子结构可知, 30 time abroad 在 that 从句中作主语, 故本空应填形容词或动名词。根据空格后的 time 及备选项可知, 所填词应该能表示“海外经历”这个主题, 也就是“花时间在海外旅行上”, 符合条件的只有 **O)** spending (花费)。
31. **M)**。空前的 is 及空后的 to 提示, 本空应填动词或形容词。空格后的 or 表明, neuroplasticity 和 how the brain is wired 为介词 to 的并列宾语, 原文是要说明 creativity 与二者的关系, 备选的形容词中只有 **M)** related 符合语义。be related to 意为“与……有关”, 为固定搭配。
32. **C)**。空前的介词 to 提示, 本空应填名词。空格前的 are influenced by 与本段首句中的 affect 对应, also 表明此处讲述的是与本段首句相似的情况, 由此可知, 此处应该是本段首句中 change 的复现, 意为“神经通路对外界变化十分敏感”。故从选项的名词选定 **C)** change (变化)。
33. **H)**。空前的 spark 及空后的 synapses 提示, 本空应填形容词。由前文列举的 sounds, smells, language, tastes, reactions, and sights 一系列感官和语言能力判定, 这些感官和语言能力对神经元突触的刺激是不一样的, 故答案为 **H)** different (不同的)。
34. **I)**。分析句子结构可知, 本句缺少谓语成分, 故本空应填动词。句中的 can 为情态动词, 因此所填动词应还原为原形, **G)** reduce 和 **I)** increase 入选。海外旅行应该能够“增强”与不同背景的人建立联系的意识, 而非“减少”这种意识, 故 **I)** increase (增强, 增加) 符合语义。
35. **N)**。结合空前的 performed 和空后的 worse 判定, 本空应填副词。**D)** consistently 和 **N)** significantly 入选。performed 指的是在测试中的“表现”, 空格后的 worse... than 为比较级, 所填副词用来强调“差”的程度, 而不是说这种“差”的持续性。故选 **N)** significantly (明显地; 显著地)。

Section B

文章大意

本文主要介绍了一种实现无碳氢能源的策略——电解水。A)~C) 段介绍了燃料电池、氢能源和电解的概念。D)~G) 段阐释了氢能源项目发展缓慢的原因, 并提出了相应的应对策略, 其中包含了电解。H)~K) 段进一步讨论了电解制氢所面临的成本问题和相应的解决办法。L) 段讲述了电解制氢项目在欧洲的发展。M)、N) 段解释了“电产气”的过程, 指出这是一种高效电解制氢的方法, 而这一方法的推进需要政策的支持。

36. **E)**。根据题目中的线索词 the Department of Energy, \$1 million 和 small-scale hydrogen fueling 将本题出处定位于 E) 段第 1 句。该句提到, 近日, 美国能源部发起奖金 100 万美元的氢能源比赛用以激励工程师和企业家去开发经济实惠的小规模氢燃料系统, 以帮助实现氢能源汽车的基础设施成为主流。题目是对该

句中部分信息的同义转述。

37. **F)**根据题目中的线索词 **biogas, landfills or wastewater treatment plants, renewable hydrogen** 和 **biogas supplies are limit** 将本题出处定位于 F) 段第 1、3 句。文中提到, 利用垃圾填埋场或污水处理厂产生的沼气是生产可再生氢的一种方式。其缺点是, 沼气供应是有限的。题目是对原文的同义转述, **utilize** 是对文中 **use** 一词的同义转述。
38. **A)**根据题目中的线索词 **reforming steam natural gas, fuel cell vehicles** 和 **gasoline-powered car** 将本题出处定位于 A) 段。该段最后一句提到, 以一个生命周期计算, 氢燃料电池汽车运行时使用的氢气是通过目前最经济实惠的蒸汽重整天然气这一方法获得的, 其产生的温室气体不到汽油动力车排放的一半。题目是原文部分信息的同义转述, 其中的 **acceptable way** 对应文中的 **affordable way**。
39. **J)**根据题目中的线索词 **California, overproduction, solar and wind, 19 gigawatt-hours** 将本题出处定位于 J) 段。该段倒数第二句提到, 在加利福尼亚州, 可再生能源的销量占到了电力零售销售的 20%, 去年, 中午时分生产过剩的太阳能和风能迫使国家抛售 19 千兆瓦小时的可再生能源。题目是对该句的提炼和转述。**at noon** 对应文中的 **during the middle of the day**。
40. **D)**根据题目中的线索词 **fuel cell vehicles** 和 **slow development of hydrogen infrastructures** 将本题出处定位于 D) 段第 1 句。该句提到, 氢能基础设施迄今发展缓慢, 同时仍是推广燃料电池汽车的最主要障碍。题目是对该句的同义转述。
41. **M)**根据题目中的线索词 **power-to-gas, natural gas, pipeline system** 和 **avoids wasting valuable excess renewable energy** 将本题出处定位于 M) 段第 1、2 句。这两句提到, 被称为“电产气”的过程是由电解产生的氢直接送入天然气管道系统中。以这种方式使用电解, 避免浪费宝贵的过量可再生能源, 同时不需要燃料电池汽车或固定式燃料电池直接使用氢气。题目是对这两句的综合概括。其中的 **produced** 对应文中的 **generated**。
42. **C)**根据题目中的线索词 **electrolysis, solar and wind** 和 **split water into oxygen and hydrogen** 将本题出处定位于 C) 段第 1 句。该句提到, 使用可再生能源, 如太阳能和风能, 将水分解成氧的这个过程被称为电解, 可能是创造大量供应的可持续氢燃料的最佳解决方案。题目是对该句的同义转述。其中的 **produce** 对应文中的 **creating**。
43. **I)**根据题目中的线索词 **Szymanski, electrolysis** 和 **reformed natural gas** 将本题出处定位于 I) 段第 1 句。该句提到, 希曼斯基说, 要使电解的方法与重整天然气大规模竞争, 我们需要降低设备的成本。题目是对该句的同义转述, **reduce** 对应文中的 **get... down**。
44. **H)**根据题目中的线索词 **the average station, electrolysis** 和 **cost** 将本题出处定位于 H) 段第 2、3 句。这两句提到, 使用产自低成本的天然气的氢能源加油站的成本费大约为 200 万美元, 使用电解产生的氢气的加油站成本可能是前者的两倍, 即约为 400 万美元。题目是对原文信息的同义转述。**provides** 对应文中的 **offer**, **approximately** 对应 **about**。
45. **L)**根据题目中的线索词 **European countries, first** 和 **in Europe** 将本题出处定位于 L) 段第 1 句。该句提到, 电解项目很可能首先在欧洲启动, 因为欧洲许多国家的可再生能源都使用广泛, 并且它们的天然气价格很高。题目是对该句的同义转述。其中的 **has been widely used** 对应文中的 **have high penetrations, would probably** 对应 **is likely to, be taken into action** 对应 **take off**。

Section C

Passage One

文章大意

本文主要讲述了公司雇用合适的人才的重要性。第 1 段指出当今的企业竞争最终赢在人才策略上, 合理正确的人力分配带来极大的效益。第 2 段通过简短的例子说明, 正确雇用员工可以轻松避免利益损失。第 3 段主要讲述了人力资源经理注重短期效益而忽略长期利益, 从而导致员工不满, 企业崩溃。第 4 段阐述了投机取巧带来的弊端。最后一段重申了人才招聘策略的重要性。

46. **B)**根据题干中的 **Hsieh** 将本题出处定位于第 2 段。第 2 段主要讲述了谢 (Hsieh) 由于错雇带来的巨大经济损失, 且这一巨大损失原本可以规避, 因此排除 A)。B) 是对原文第 2 句的合理推断, 即如果谢雇用了合适的人才, 则会避免大量资金的流失。C) 与 B) 相反, 予以排除。D) 属于过度推理。
47. **C)**根据题干中的 **seek short-term hiring relief** 将本题出处定位于第 3、4 段。第 3 段主要讲述了为了缓解短期的雇佣压力而招聘所带来的危害, A) 和 B) 都是其中提到的危害, 故排除。第 4 段最后一句提到, 为了省下一点费用而导致品牌重塑是不值得的, 与 D) 对应。而文章始终未曾提及短期雇佣会为公司提供经济支撑, 因此这一说法不在其内, 所以选 C)。
48. **D)**根据出题按照文章顺序进行的原则可将本题出处定位于第 4 段。由第 4 段中提到的 **... overall productivity and low employee morale** 可知, 错误的人才招聘会导致公司整体效益受损, 员工士气低迷, 所以选 D)。A) 是利用首段首句中的 **increase profit** 设置的干扰项, B) 中 **totally** 过于绝对, 不入选, C) 不能与题干构成

因果关系。

49. C)。根据题干中的 cutting corners 将本题出处定位于第 4 段。本段主要分析了削减招聘预算之后带来的弊端，而投机取巧作为其主要手段，使后续人力资源的长久发展受到阻碍。因此这个短语应该理解为“限制招聘预算以延长招聘的时间”，故选 C)。而 A) 是该词的原意，没有根据本文的语境进行理解，故而排除。
50. B)。根据题干中的 it will show that your value was focused elsewhere for far too long 将本题出处定位于第 5 段。这句话强调了人才招聘这一策略是一个长久的过程，只有当公司意识到这一过程不是随时需要就可以建立起来的时候，它才会明白自身发展观发生了偏离。因此选 B)。

Passage Two

文章大意

本文主要讲述了跑步机在生活中带来的危害。文章第 1 段介绍了跑步机为人们所熟悉，而且是种畅销的健身器材。第 2 段通过戴夫的死引出跑步机到底有多大危害这一主题。第 3 段通过执政官滑倒以及监狱在 19 世纪以跑步机作为惩罚工具，说明跑步机的危害，同时指出其危害主要在于扭伤和滑倒。第 4 段强调了跑步机虽然危险，但是导致死亡却很罕见。第 5 段则立足于儿童这一特殊群体在使用跑步机时面临的危险。同时专家指出，没有危险的适量运动是可取的。

51. D)。根据题干将本题出处定位于第 1 段。第 1 段第 2 句指出，人们会因跑步机曾是惩罚工具这一事实而感到震惊，故 D) 正确。A) 在文中并未提及，故而排除。B) 和 C) 都与原文不符。
52. C)。根据题干中的 Dave 将本题出处定位于第 2 段。第 2 段主要讲述了跑步机一直深受人们欢迎，但却由于戴夫的死引发了对其危害的探讨，故答案为 C)。题干中 infer 为推理，A) 作为文中的客观事实予以排除。B) 和 D) 都与题意无关，予以排除。
53. D)。根据题干中的 CPSC 将本题出处定位于第 3 段。第 3 段主要讲述了跑步机带来伤害的两种主要形式，即滑倒和扭伤，这也正是这一评估的主要目的，因此 D) 正确。而 C) 中闪电造成的伤亡以及 A) 提供的数据都是对 D) 的补充说明，并非评估的主要目的。文中第 4 段提到“deaths are rare”，但并不意味着不会导致死亡，因此排除 B)。
54. C)。根据题干中的 exercise is better than inactivity 将本题出处定位于第 5 段。该段提到，“运动总比不运动好”。只有 C) “虽然有危险，但适量的运动还是对健康有利”是对该句的正确理解。
55. C)。本文考查作者的写作目的，需结合全文进行综合推断。文中第 5 段明确指出，儿童面临特殊的危险，再结合泰森女儿的死以及澳大利亚针对儿童使用跑步机的危险而开设的运动可以推测，儿童在跑步机的使用上需要更加注意，因此答案为 C)。由第 3 段可以判断，跑步机的危害在于身体扭伤，而不是其作为惩罚工具，故 A) 因果关系错乱，予以排除。由第 4 段首句可知，在跑步机的使用过程中，死亡是很罕见的，因此 B) 的表述过于绝对。文中第 5 段明确指出，在没有危险的情况下，运动是可取的，D) 与原文不符，予以排除。

Part IV Translation

【参考译文】

During the Spring and Autumn Period and the Warring States Period, many philosophers and schools flourished in China. Confucianism had the most enduring impacts on Chinese people's lives. In that era, great cultures and wisdom spread widely in China. In spite of numerous battles and continual chaos, this period is considered as a golden age of Chinese philosophy, because various thoughts and ideas were discussed and developed freely. This phenomenon is called the Contention of Hundred Schools of Thought.